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Develop Israel
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MARGINAL COLUMN

THE political commentators, the military experts and the scientists have all spoken their respective pieces about the new satellite which is so busily putting a girdle round the earth every 90 minutes or so. Of these categories, the scientists are the only group which can follow some clearly set laws in coming to their conclusions; the views of the politicians and military experts are determined less by the satellite than by all sorts of extraneous considerations. The result is a great deal of confusion which leaves the man in the street unenlightened, apprehensive and just plain worried.

HE only knows that, if the new satellite can thus be launched to travel around the world every 90 minutes, there is probably little now to prevent warheads being sent from anywhere in the world to anywhere else. Indeed, a number of science-fiction authors have already written stories of hydrogen bombs swishing round the earth, threatening and permanently, in orbits above the earth, only awaiting the signal to be guided down on predetermined targets. Since 1945, when the first atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima, men have gradually adapted their pattern of living to the imminent threat of mass annihilation — the world of insecurity and suspicion which has evolved in the past 10 years can be called adjustment. Now a new shock comes to shake people out of whatever degree of equilibrium has been achieved. What will be its ultimate effects?

IT is when one comes to speculate in the uncharted sea of morals and philosophy that one feels most the lack of authority and law. And yet the efforts of scholars of religion and philosophy have been directed for centuries to the search for a series of laws upon which men may rely in these very moments of grave spiritual crisis. Claims have been made that some such laws, so postulated, are eternal and universal; but, to such claims the reply must be that abstraction cannot be divorced from the facts of life. When the Bible tells us: "Justice, justice shalt thou pursue," that is an eternal and universal truth and is accepted as such, until one asks what is meant by justice. So to be a successful guide in life, the universal law of the philosopher and theologian has to be brought lower and nearer earth, and directly applicable to the facts of social and individual life. In practice, this means that each person and each group must find the guidance for individual and social problems inside his own specific group tradition.

WHAT then can Jewish tradition and our specific Jewish theology tell us about the new apprehensions raised by the satellite? Tomorrow is the eve of the Festival of Tabernacles, when Jews build themselves small booths to commemorate the protection which God gave His people when they wandered in the desert en route from the bondage of Egypt to the freedom of Israel. Centuries later, the sages debated the command to build booths or succot and asked what kind of booths our ancestors had in the wilderness. The answer was that the booths were made of palm fronds and goat hair, and that the command was to be taken literally. The answer may be sought in another tradition: that Moses the Lawgiver formulated a clear-cut choice between Good and Evil for men, telling them that Life or Death depended upon their own choice, but they were completely free to do as they wished. A millennium or so later, Rabbi Akiba seemed to indicate that, although freedom of choice was given, the end was that the world was weighted by God on the side of goodness. Serious philosophical problems are posed by this contradiction, and something fairly clear emerges. Today, it is the ultimate weapon which forces the choice between Good and Evil, between Life and Death, and it is something else, and each generation throughout history has brought man his moral crisis with its burden of decision. To say that man ultimately chooses the good is to dogmatize. But to dogmatize means to choose between two equal probabilities, and perhaps it was this sort of dogmatizing in the case of the Good that Rabbi Akiba meant when he asserted that the world is judged in Goodness.

Tel Aviv, October 8.

Zhukov to Offer Yugoslavs Arms On Visit Today

BELGRADE, Monday (UP). — Informal sources said today that the Soviet Defence Minister, Marshal Georgi Zhukov, would bring a Russian arms offer to Yugoslavia when he arrives here on a state visit tomorrow.

The Soviet "package," the sources said, would be designed to bind Yugoslavia as closely as ever to Russia for her arms needs. This nation presently is equipped militarily by the U.S. Zhukov was recently at sea aboard the Soviet cruiser Kilybchev.

But these sources said they did not believe that President Tito would be likely to throw over his arms agreement with the U.S. It was pointed out that there was no indication Tito intended to abandon his current reliance on the U.S. for arms assistance.

YUGOSLAVIA, SYRIA RAISE LEGATIONS

BELGRADE, Monday (Reuter). — Yugoslavia and Syria have agreed to raise legations in Belgrade and Damascus to Embassies, it was officially announced today.

Warsaw Militia Seize Hooligans

WARSAW, Monday (Reuter). — A force of militia tonight launched a mopping-up operation against the "hooligans" of Warsaw.

The operation, which took place in the heart of the city, was aimed at clearing the streets of the "hooligans" who had been causing trouble since the outbreak of the Polish revolution. The militia were reported to have arrested scores of "hooligans" and taken them to the police station.

The police force was estimated at the strength of at least one battalion.

Students of the Polytechnic today took down their banner, "Freedom of Speech," which for the past four days and nights hung from the eighth story of their building in Kerucinska Square, where the disturbances first started on Thursday.

The Prime Minister, Stanislaw Gomborowski, speaking at the "Students' church" of St. Anna, near Warsaw University, last night told students, "I understand your troubles and your fight for freedom of speech and of thought. I understand all these things, but you should try to understand your conditions as living beings. They are often very difficult and complicated."

ORT GETS FREE REIN IN POLAND

GENEVA, Monday (Reuter). — A fact-finding mission sent to Poland by ORT has received official assurances that the organization would be allowed to carry out its program of vocational training among thousands of Jews repatriated from the Soviet Union.

This was announced here today by Mr. A. Braude, Director of the organization.

New Army to March On San Marino City

SAN MARINO, Monday (Reuter). — The anti-Communist Government of San Marino announced tonight that it would shortly take over the whole territory with a new armed force of about 50 men.

Rocket Part Flying After Satellite

LONDON, Monday (Reuter). — Moscow Radio reported tonight that the carrier rocket of the earth satellite was revolving round the globe as well as the satellite itself.

In an unscheduled news bulletin, the radio said, "Not only the man-made satellite, but also its carrier rocket is revolving round the earth."

The rocket carrier was used in the last stage of the firing device which projected the satellite 900 kilometers into the air.

The radio said the carrier rocket is just now revolving round the earth at approximately the same altitude as the satellite. The distance between them is about 1,000 kms. This distance will grow.

The radio said the man-made satellite had made its first revolution around the earth by 3 o'clock (GMT) this afternoon.

Earlier today, an American scientist, Dr. Richard McCrosby, lecturer in Astronomy and Research at the Harvard University Observatory, said he believed that the final stage of the three-phase launching rocket was about hurtling around the earth, together with the satellite.

Surprisingly Bright

He expressed the opinion after Dr. Gordon Little, of the Geophysical Station of Alaska, became the first American official to sight the satellite. Dr. Little said it looked "surprisingly bright" for five minutes as it passed over the station.

Dr. Little told a Seattle newspaper that three of his assistants saw the moon "as a bright star-like object moving in a slow, graceful curve across the sky."

Throughout the time the satellite was seen its radio signals were continuously recorded.

PRAYDA: U.S. MUST NOW STOP ARMS RACE

MOSCOW, Monday (Reuter). — The Soviet Communist Party paper "Pravda" said today that the Russian satellite states must stop the arms race.

The paper said that the Soviet Union said it would send in connection with the International Geophysical Year.

Rebels Said Striking At Sahara Oil Areas

ALGIERS, Monday (UP). — Rebel raiders believed to be crossing over the Libyan border, are striking deep in the heart of Algeria's oil territories in the Sahara, according to reports reaching today.

Foreign Legionnaires have already clashed with truck-borne rebel bands in the Sahara.

Pleven Trying To Form French Gov't

PARIS, Monday (Reuter). — Ex-Premier Rene Pleven said today that he would attempt to end the crisis and form a Government.

He made the statement after he was called in by President Coty with whom he spoke for over an hour, and said that he could not refuse the invitation to try and form a Cabinet.

FRENCH ADMIRAL DIES IN AIR CRASH

CANNES, Monday (Reuter). — Rear-Admiral Pierre Lanoe, Commander of the French naval forces in the Anglo-French action at Suez, was one of five persons killed today, when a military aircraft crashed on taking off near Cannes. He was the only passenger in the aircraft.

First Arab Anglican Bishop Appointed

The Rev. Najib Kabein, of the Old City, has been appointed as the first Arab Anglican Bishop by the Archbishop of Canterbury, according to the Old City newspaper, "El Jihad," yesterday.

Jordan House Demands End Of Martial Law

AMMAN, Monday (Reuter). — Parliament today demanded the end to martial law in the country, in a reply to King Hussein's speech opening the House on October 1.

Martial law was imposed during widespread disturbances last April after King Hussein dismissed the left-wing Nabulsi Government. Parliament was suspended for three months.

All 32 deputies presented the reply, which also thanked King Hussein for his efforts to restore order in the country.

Russians Visit U.S. Satellite Project

WASHINGTON, Monday (UP). — The U.S. satellite project, Vanguard, today permitted Russian scientists to tour its facilities.

U.S. scientists, working around the clock, have plotted the course of the Russian satellite, so accurately that big telescopes will be able to bring it under observation, it was announced today.

Oil Pipe to Be Laid From Iran to Turkey

TEHRAN, Monday (UP). — The Shah announced yesterday that the National Iranian Oil Company has signed an agreement with an unidentified American firm to build an oil pipeline stretching from the Persian Gulf to the Turkish Mediterranean port of Iskenderun.

Broadside at Judaism Disseminated in Ukraine

MOSCOW, Monday (UP). — A fresh attack on the Jewish religion has been launched in the Ukraine where more than one-third of the Soviet Union's approximately two and a half million Jews live.

It bears the form of a popular pamphlet, "The Jewish Religion—Its Origin and Essence," by T. K. Kichko.

A FEW MORE DAYS OF HEAT

The shrewd weather which has been prevailing for several days in the hills and inland, and the muggy weather in the coastal plain will continue unabated for at least several more days.

In Jerusalem the thermometer reached a maximum of 36° yesterday and is expected to reach the same peak today.

Fourth Toulon Quin Dues

TOULON, Monday (UP). — Roland, the fourth of the quintuplets born last Wednesday to Mme. Camille Christophe, died this morning, leaving only a girl, Michele, living. Officials at Foch Hospital expressed grave doubts that she would survive. The quintuplets, three boys and two girls, were three months premature.

Work Starts on Soviet Naval Base in Syria

DAMASCUS, Monday (UP). — Heavy earth-breaking machinery is already engaged in road-building and other construction activities in the Ain el Badia area, north of Latakia, following the Russian-Syrian agreement to build a naval base there, according to informed sources today.

Bizri Paid Secret Visit to Saud

King Saud has changed his attitude and is once more opposing the Syrian regime, resulting in a secret visit to Riyadh last week-end of the Syrian Chief of Staff, Gen. Afif Bizri, the Old City daily "El Jihad," reported yesterday.

Bizri was accompanied by Col. Abdul Hamid Saraj, head of the Syrian Second Intelligence Bureau.

Meir Seeing Dulles Today

WASHINGTON, Monday (UP). — The Israeli Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, is expected to meet Secretary of State Dulles here tomorrow to discuss a wide range of problems of mutual interest.

Mrs. Meir today confirmed press reports that she had invited the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Andrei Gromyko, to visit Israel to see the situation there for himself.

Ghana Chieftain To Visit Jerusalem

Mayor Gershom Agmon, of Jerusalem, has invited Nana Taku Asare, the Tenuku (Paramount Chief) of the Assin Attandua State in Ghana, to visit Israel.

The Ghana chieftain was to have arrived this month aboard the Israeli ship m.a. Yehuda, but he contracted Asian flu and had to postpone his trip. It is expected that he will arrive toward the end of the year.

Doron's Owners Appeal to U.N.

HAIFA, Monday — The Nahshon company, owners of the trawler Doron, which was seized on the high seas by the Egyptians on September 24, today appealed to the U.N. for intervention.

In cables to the President of the General Assembly, the President of the Security Council, and the Secretary-General, the firm asked him to secure the immediate release of the vessel.

SALVADOR FOREIGN MINISTER DUE

The Foreign Minister of El Salvador and Mrs. Ortiz were due early this morning at Lyda Airport for a week's visit as guests of the Government.

Dr. Ortiz will be received by President Ben-Zvi at Beit Haneset at 12.30 p.m. today.

Meir Calls for 'Normal' Relations with Arabs

Haikal Urges Curb On Immigration

UNITED NATIONS, Monday. — Dr. Yusef Haikal, head of the Jordan delegation, speaking at the General Assembly plenary session today, proposed that the Assembly undertake a four-point programme for solution of the "Palestine problem."

His programme proposed:

- 1. U.N. action to stop "unrestricted Zionism" immigration into Israel.
- 2. Creation of a U.N. committee for the custody of Arab property in Israel and the collection and distribution of these properties for the benefit of their rightful owners — the Palestine Arab refugees.
- 3. Return to the Arabs of the "which" Israel unlawfully occupies, from that part of Palestine that the U.N. decided should remain Arab.
- 4. Return of all Arab refugees to their homes in Palestine and compensation for their losses.

Big Power Rivalry

The Big Power rivalry, which was introduced into the area in 1955, resulted in an increase in the offensive armed strength of the states which openly expressed their intention of destroying Israel.

Mrs. Meir referred to the Russian Foreign Minister's declaration last week in the Assembly in which he emphasized the need for peaceful coexistence between states.

Water Not Bombers

"The deacons of the Middle East are in need of water, not bombers," the Foreign Minister declared. "Tens of millions of inhabitants are craving for the means to live, for the implements of death. I ask all of you and new members of the U.N. to use your influence not to deepen the abyss of misunderstanding but to bridge it."

To the Attention of the Travelling Public

"Egged" services During Succot

Changes in departure platforms at the Tel Aviv Central Bus Station from the eve of the holiday, Oct. 9, until Oct. 20 including holiday nights and Saturday nights.

Services on Holiday AND SATURDAY NIGHTS

The following services will be added to the regular Saturday night service on Oct. 10 and 17.

TO TEL AVIV: From Gailon, Ensh Beitin, Ensh Hadyar, Hills of Efrata.

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EGGED PUBLIC RELATIONS DEPT.

Social & Personal

The President yesterday received Congressman Leonard Fawcett, from New York.

The Minister of Labour, Mr. M. Namir, yesterday received Mr. Sam Tan Hla, Secretary of the Foreign Affairs Department of the Burmese Trade Union Federation.

Chief Rabbi Yitzhak Nissim yesterday received Mr. Kadish Loeb, the Minister of Agriculture.

Mr. and Mrs. Abraham F. Wechsler, Dr. and Mrs. Harry F. Wechsler and Mrs. Harry F. Wechsler, who are touring Israel and the auspices of the United Jewish Appeal, visited the offices of the Jewish Agency yesterday, and were received by Mr. Shlomo Eisenberg, Agency Secretary.

Miss Clara Davidson, Chairman of the British Society of Friends of the Israel Defense Forces, inspected the Mann Auditorium yesterday. She and her brother, Mr. Fred Davidson, have equipped and furnished the Artists' Wing.

Mrs. Irma Lindheim has returned to Linshar Ha'emek from her trip to the U.S.

Spend the holidays at Grete Ascher's, Jerusalem — the pension for discriminating guests. (Adv.)

U.J.A. TO MEET HERE IN JUNE

NEW YORK, Monday (INA). — The largest group of American leaders ever to meet in the State of Israel will gather in Jerusalem next spring when the nation-wide United Jewish Appeal expects more than 1,000 delegates from communities throughout the U.S. at an extraordinary U.J.A. anniversary conference on June 24, 25 and 26.

Plans for the spectacular event were made public yesterday by Mr. Morris W. Berenson, U.J.A. President.

The overseas gathering, Mr. Berenson said, "will give Jewish communal leaders and U.J.A. supporters a chance to be in Israel during the Tenth Anniversary celebrations, an opportunity to see and assess for themselves what they have helped bring into being."

The U.J.A. President declared that the conference "will be the highlight of the year in which the U.J.A. celebrates its 10th year of humanitarian effort."

IPO to Appear At Weizmann Day

REHOVOT, Monday. — The Israel Philharmonic Orchestra and a choir of 300 voices from all parts of Israel will take part in the memorial assembly at Rehovot on the fifth annual Weizmann Day this year. Mr. Meyer W. Weizmann, Chairman of Yad Chaim Weizmann, announced yesterday.

The memorial assembly will be held on November 3, since the official date of commemoration falls on a Sabbath this year. The day is also the 40th anniversary of the Balfour Declaration.

The Weizmann Day ceremony will be attended by the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi and Mrs. Vera Weizmann.

Tel Aviv Editor Barks At 'Confidential'

TEL AVIV, Monday. — The publication of the third issue of the humorous magazine "Tashbar" was halted by a restraint order issued today by Tel Aviv District Judge A. Malchi at the request of the editor, Mr. Y. Vinitzky.

Mr. Vinitzky requested the order on the grounds that his reputation as a newspaperman would be damaged by the appearance of allegedly pornographic material taken from the U.S. scandal sheet "Confidential."

Vinitzky claimed that when he had refused to include the material, the magazine's publisher, M. D. Amerli, who is also owner of the local Bulgarian language daily, had inserted the material himself.

Hearings on the case will begin tomorrow. (Itm)

Ehrenburg Denies Part In Liquidating Writers

PARIS, Monday, (INA). — Ilya Ehrenburg, Soviet Jewish writer, has sent a letter to "Le Monde" denying that he had a part in the liquidation of Jewish writers in the Soviet Union.

He had decided to write the letter, he states, in order to counteract accusations which appeared in the paper following a report on this subject in an Israel Yiddish periodical.

Ehrenburg said that among the Soviet citizens who were victims of the Soviet people of many nationalities in 1949, the secret police arrested a number of famous Jewish writers, among whom were "some of my most intimate friends."

Soviet courts, he says, have found the accusations against the writers to have been false. Through these discoveries, they found out the truth of the tragic fate which befell the writers.

This letter is believed to be the first denial by Ehrenburg of rumours which have been circulated outside Russia for some time.

10 New Enterprises Win Approval

The Investment Centre approved in September the investment of IL\$6m. and \$762,000 in 10 new enterprises and for the expansion of existing ones. The Ministry of Commerce and Industry spokesman said yesterday.

Government loans to these enterprises totalled IL\$70,000.

LAW REPORT The Jerusalem Post October 8, 1957

In The Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Civil Appeal

Before Justices Silberg, Gotsen and Ben-Zion. Pension Doregory v. The Pension Office (C.A. 174/57).

No Invalid's Gratuity for British Pensioner

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Invalids Pensions Appeals Committee.

The appellant, Pension Doregory, had served in the British Army during World War II as a volunteer from Palestine. He was invalided out of the army and given a pension by the British Government on the basis of a 30 per cent degree of invalidity.

In 1956, the Invalids Pensions (Pensions and Rehabilitation) Law, 1956, was amended to include section 2A, which gives certain rights and privileges under the law to invalids who served as volunteers in the British Army. Sub-sections (b) and (c) of this section provide that certain invalids shall be regarded as having served in the Israel Defense Forces for all purposes of the law except in respect of the right to receive a pension.

On the strength of this amendment, Doregory claimed that he was entitled to a gratuity — as opposed to a pension — under section 2A of the law, in accordance with which section a gratuity in respect of each per cent of invalidity is payable to an invalid between 10 and 35 per cent. His claim was rejected by the Invalids Pensions Appeals Committee.

In the appeal to the Supreme Court, Mr. Mazritski appeared for the appellant and

Mr. Bach, Deputy State Attorney, for the respondent.

Judgment. The Supreme Court, in delivering judgment, agreed with the appellant that, in general, the Invalids Law differentiates between "pension" and "gratuity," the former being payable to invalids with more than 35 per cent invalidity. But, the court continued, they were of the opinion that in section 2A, the use of the word "pension" was not intended in the strictly technical sense of a recurrent payment, as opposed to a gratuity, which is a one-time payment.

The reference to the pension which the invalid soldier receives from the British Army must be interpreted in its wide sense as including all manner of payments received in his capacity as an invalid, and there would seem to be no reason why the word "pension" is used in the same context as the parallel word "pension" in the Israel law, for confining it to recurrent payments only.

This opinion is strengthened, the court continued, by the general construction of the Invalids Law which denies an invalid the right of receiving both a gratuity and a pension simultaneously (see section 19A) and there is no basis whatsoever for presuming that the legislator had intended giving volunteers to the British Army, with a degree of invalidity which is less than 35 per cent, an added advantage over invalids from the Israel Defense Forces by allowing them to receive both a pension and a gratuity.

Judgment given on September 23, 1957.

Habimah Opens Season With Saroyan Play

Jerusalem Post Reporter. TEL AVIV, Monday. — "The Slaughter of the Innocents," by William Saroyan, will be given its world premiere performance by Habimah Thursday. The play will mark the opening of the new season.

The drama, written in 1932, attacks McCarthyism. It was never produced in Broadway nor as far as is known here, on any other professional stage. It was, however, presented by an amateur Dutch company recently.

Mr. Peter Frye, the producer, said he found interpretation of the play extremely difficult. Twenty-two actors will play the play.

The cast is headed by Mischa Ascherov, Ari Kuti, Ada Tal and Nahum Buchman. The play is directed by Joseph Ben-Gurion, Urie Kahane and Peter Frye. Music is by Gari Bartini.

PREHISTORIC — Two well-preserved skeletons of prehistoric men bearing a resemblance to those of the Neandertal race that roamed Europe, the Middle East and North Africa 25,000 to 35,000 years ago, have been discovered in Northern Iraq by an archaeological expedition sponsored by the Smithsonian Institution.

The skeletons, which are believed to be 45,000 and 60,000 years old.

They were found in a cave in the Taurus mountains, near the border of Iraq and Syria.

The discovery is significant because it shows that the Neandertal race was widespread in the Middle East and North Africa.

The skeletons were found by a team of American and Iraqi archaeologists.

The discovery is believed to be one of the most important in the field of prehistoric anthropology.

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